## YEAR 4: CURRICULUM

Bunbury Aldersey CE Primary School

# Rural Church Schools Academy Trust Year 4 Curriculum

## LET YOUR LIGHT SHINE Matthew v5:16

Article 29: Children's education should develop each child's personality, talents and abilities to the fullest. It should encourage children to respect others, human rights and their own and other cultures. It should also help them learn to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people. Our Curriculum Policy details our intent behind our curriculum, how we implement it and our desired impact. At RCSAT, the school curriculum consists of all those activities designed or encouraged within its organisational framework to provide the intellectual, emotional, personal, social, spiritual and physical development of all its pupils. It includes not only the subject specific curriculum but also the 'informal' programme of enrichment and extra-curricular activities.

The curriculum at RCSAT, developed over a number of years, is firmly rooted in and stems directly from our Vision, Mission and Core Values;

Our Vision – 'Let your Light shine' Matthew v5:16

Our Mission - 'A Caring Christian Family Where We Grow Together'

Our Core Values – WE aim to create an enjoyable, inclusive, safe and nurturing environment that allows all children to develop spiritually, morally and socially. – every child is a child of God, made to contribute to our world.

WE aim to create an inspiring environment, which encourages enthusiasm for lifelong learning and establishes an expectation of high standards – knowing the way, showing the way and going the way.

WE aim to encourage caring, sensitive and inclusive attitudes where individuals feel secure, valued and respected by others. – *like Jesus showed us through his teachings* 

WE aim to provide a broad and connected curriculum which challenges and develops the potential of each child – as Jesus needed his disciples to support and guide, so we look to others with more knowledge

WE aim to develop a positive relationship between home, school and our wider community- as a family – as brothers and sisters.

The RCSAT curriculum is designed to
Embody - the Christian values we live by
Enable – all children to flourish in mind, body and spirit
Ensure – that all pupils are given the experiences to 'Let their Light Shine.'
Intent:

The schools within RCSAT are strongly committed to helping our children grow and develop the skills required to be successful in life. Our curriculum is designed to promote every child's individuality giving them the skills, knowledge and understanding to prepare them for the future. At RCSAT, our Connected Curriculum is planned around the development of Knowledge, Skills and Understanding. We ensure a curriculum that nurtures fascination and imagination and promotes an appreciation of creativity & individuality. One that also works in strong partnership with parents and carers to ensure high standards, engendering a strong sense of community, where all children and families are key to the delivery of a challenging, inspirational and innovative curriculum.

As a trust, we provide varied opportunities throughout their time with us, which promote independent,

interactive and collaborative learning that builds on the children's natural curiosity and eagerness to learn. We teach children to aspire to be the best possible version of themselves through our key drivers.

Our key drivers are:

Inspirational and connected curriculum which instils a love of learning

Curiosity and appreciation of God's world through our Christian Values

A culture of care for everyone in our community and in the world around us (RRSA, Global Learning, British Values)

Aspiring to become the best person God created us to be – Let your light shine (Matthew 5:16)

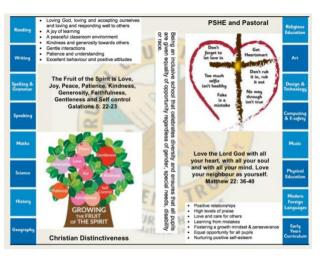
Academic success comes through creativity and problem solving; responsibility and resilience, as well as physical development, well-being and mental health all being key elements in supporting the whole child through their learning journey.

Our curriculum also celebrates diversity and utilises the skills and knowledge of the community to enhance our curriculum while supporting the children's emotional and spiritual development.

#### **Implementation:**

Our curriculum is driven by a desire to develop the whole child and therefore delivers much more than just the National Curriculum. Our connected curriculum provides opportunities for the children to learn about managing themselves, relationships and situations. Our curriculum is not simply a set of encounters from which children form ad hoc memories; it is designed to be remembered in detail – to be stored in our children's long-term memories so that they can later build on it, forming an ever wider and deeper pool of knowledge. Our curriculum is connected. It is planned vertically between year groups, horizontally within the academic year and diagonally to build on prior knowledge.

Our connected curriculum stems from key questions linked to a specific concept which then underpins the children's learning. Knowledge around this concept is delivered through primary sources such as high-quality texts, music, art and technologies, enabling connections to be made across a range of National Curriculum subjects. Our teachers skillfully plan to ensure the children in their class experience a curriculum that inspires a love for learning.



Our curriculum is organised around rich and engaging, high-quality texts, making links and connecting to all curriculum areas where relevant. Subject leads ensure progression and coverage of knowledge, skills and understanding are weaved into a meaningful and cohesive curriculum drawing in learning based on local, national and international events

Medium term plans outline the learning to take place for the term and are developed as mind maps using the phrases; As Artists, As Geographers, As Historians, As Writers, As Readers, As Mathematicians, As Musicians, As Programmers, As Designers, As Performers, As respectful, responsible citizens to frame ideas and concepts to be taught. The core basic skills of English and Maths are planned and delivered to reflect the National Curriculum 2014 changes and many elements of the new statutory orders are reflected in our practice.

We also feel that the following are necessary to support the implementation of our connected curriculum;

**Learning Environment** – We work hard to make sure that our learning environment supports the development of the whole child both inside, outside and beyond. Our classrooms are well organised and resourced allowing children to choose resources independently to support their learning.

Our outdoor areas have been developed to enhance our connected curriculum with developments such as: running paths, outdoor stage, mini woodland, outdoor reading provision, wilderness area and forest schools. This enables pupils to explore at break and lunch-times and gives teachers a range of resource to tap into to support teaching and learning at various points within the year.

**Learning Partners** – It is important that as a school we engage with external partner, locally, nationally and internationally to bring added dimensions to our curriculum offer. We partner with artists, musicians, coaches, poets, cultural organisations, engineers, other schools to bring expertise and difference to our curriculum offer. These may be short term projects over a few weeks or much longer endeavours. It is through these partnerships that we may light a spark of interest, enthusiasm and passion within our children that they may carry forward with them into their future lives and schooling.

New Pedagogies – As we continue to develop our curriculum, our approach to teaching and learning also develops. We take a blended learning approach where multiple disciplines will be touched upon within a lesson. It may be a 'Science' based lesson where problem solving, maths, literacy and art disciplines are enveloped within the taught session. Project based inquiry learning coupled with direct instruction ensure that our curriculum is relevant and provides children with opportunities to develop the skills of communication, collaboration, critical thinking, citizenship and creativity whilst also building their own character.

## **Impact:**

Through our connected approach:

Our children will have the capacity to control and express their emotions, and handle interpersonal relationships whilst keeping themselves safe.

Our children will become confident and successful lifelong learners, demonstrating the Christian Values to ensuring they let their individual lights shine as they make the right choices about their learning.

Our curriculum has an ambition for high achievement of all pupils irrespective of their background or starting point.

Our curriculum promotes a love of learning.

The curriculum also includes those features which produce the school's ethos (i.e. the 'hidden curriculum') such as the quality of relationships and the values exemplified by the way the school sets about its task.

Our aim is to provide a curriculum which will firstly expand the pupil's knowledge, experience and imaginative understanding, and thus his/her awareness of moral and Christian values and capacity for enjoyment, and secondly, enable the pupil to enter the world after formal education is over as an active participant in society and a responsible contributor to it, capable of achieving as much independence as possible.

There is an Act of Worship every day. Worship is a time where we come together to reflect on the school's vision and to learn about the 'person, love & work of Jesus' which is central to the school's vision and curriculum The daily Act of Worship promotes the Christian and Learning values which permeate the ethos of the school. As such, Worship is an essential part of the school day and the contributions of staff, pupils, clergy and other visitors are valued high

Pathways to Wille  Year 4	GORILLA  30m	And its large part of state of	POMPEI	Giant Stirred	THE THE TOP	BLUE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE
V 4	A.,	At2	S 1	Service 2	S 1	S
Year 4 Texts	Autumn 1 Gorilla by Anthony Browne The One and Only Ivan by Katherine Applegate	Autumn 2 Greek Myths by Jean Menzies	Spring 1  Escape From Pompeii by Christina Balit  Pompeii: A Roman Girl's Diary by Sue Reid	Spring 2 When the Giant stirred by Celia Godkin Journey to the Centre of the Earth Usborne Young Reader	Where the Forest Meets the Sea by Jeannie Baker & Rainforests in 30 Seconds by Jen Green Journey to the River Sea by	Summer 2 Blue John by Berlie Doherty Clockwork by Phillip Pullman or alternative Berlie Doherty novel
XX/242	Outons	Outcome	Outson	Outcome	Eva Ibbotson	Outum
Writing outcome	Outcome Fiction: fantasy story Greater Depth Re-tell the story from dad's viewpoint or include speech	Outcome Recount /diary Greater Depth Recount /diary from a different POV	Outcome Fiction: historical narrative from character's point of view Greater Depth Write from the POV of the captain	Outcome Fiction: adventure story from POV of the boy Greater Depth Write from the POV of the God	Outcome Information board for a rainforest exhibition Greater Depth Include an interactive element	Outcome Letters Explanation – about cave formation for 2/3 days Greater Depth Use explanation with an element of persuasion
Topic headings	Fantasti	c Beasts	Romans Roaming Britain		Rainforests and rocks	
Courageous advocate SCIENCE	Jane Goodall		Local road maintenance/ Speed Roman Roads		Peaks conservations National Parks	
	s Living things: Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways and explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their loca and wider environment.	of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans and identify the different types of	Sound: identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating and recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear. Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it and find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it. Recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the sound source increases.		dangers to living things.	Electricity: Identify common appliances that run on electricity and construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts. Identify whether a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery and recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether a lamp lights in a simple series circuit. Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors.
Curriculum Objectives	Living things  ① Recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. ② Explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment.	parts of the digestive system in humans.  Different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions.  Different construct and interpret a variety of food	Sound  ① Identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating.  ② Recognise that vibrations from sounds travel through a medium to the ear.  ③ Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produce it.	States of Matter  ① Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases. ② Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (oC).		Electricity  ① Identify common appliances that run on electricity. ② Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzes.

	① Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things			⑦ Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature.	① Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things	<ul> <li>Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery.</li> <li>Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit.</li> <li>Recognise some common conductors and insulators and associate metals with being good conductors.</li> </ul>
Working Scientifically		using a range of equipment. tive and fair tests. ss related to simple scientific ideas and processe s, make predictions for new values, suggest imp		Comparative & Fair Testing	sserving over time classifying a grouping Content of the content o	Research using secondary sources
HISTORY						
History End Points			To develop knowledge of the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain, including significant events and people	To study Deva Chester and explain how the architecture played, and continues to play an integral part in the history of present day Chester through its legacy.		To explore the history of Mam Tor and Iron Age Hill Forts.
Curriculum objectives		② Study of Greek life & achievements and their influence on the western world.	The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain  Describe Build an understanding of Britain's past and the wider world  Make connections and contrasts e.g. change, cause, similarities and differences between different times in the past covered so far.  To describe how the past can be represented or interpreted in a few different ways.  Place events, artefacts and historical figures on a time line using dates and the concept of change over time	Duderstand the history of Dewa Chester and impact the Roman architecture sill has on Chester today  Tell the past is different from today and explore how Chester has changes over time  Use artefacts, pictures, stories, online sources and databases to find out about the past  Use evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past		To briefly study the history of Mam Tor and the hilltop To understand the part Mam Tor played in early Celtic life Place events, artefacts and historical figures on a time line using dates and the concept of change over time
History enquiry skills	② Ask different types of questions about the pa	n a map and suggest geographical reasons why the ast and find answers to questions about the past mmunicate, including: dates; time period; era; contacts and the priod; era; contacts are priod; er	t; change; chronology;	share this clearly with other people		
GEOGRAPHY						
Geography End Points	maps and sources to focus on land use, migration and the reasons people move	migration and the reasons people move			To use geographical language, maps and atlase: to describe and understand the location and key geographical features of the amazon Rainforest	To study the UK physical features of the Peak District (Mam Tor)—understanding the physical and topographical characterises of its hills and mountains
Curriculum objectives	characteristics, major cities and different environmental regions using maps to focussing	and identify their main physical and human characteristics, major cities and different	Human and Physical Geography  Describe and understand key aspects of volcanoes and earthquakes.  Identify how volcanoes are formed  Identify and label the parts of a volcano  Land patterns and settlements	Local Geography  ① Understand the locality of Chester and how this land-use has changed over time  ② Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record the human and physical features in of Chester using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies	Location Knowledge  ① Identify the main physical and human characteristics North and South America rainforest  ② Explore the climate zones and vegetation belts of the Amazon Rainforest and the impact these changing conditions have on the animals that call this place home	Human and physical Geography  To explore the physical features of a region of the UK. Understanding the different characteristics of mountains and hills  Explore the land-use of this region and the important topographical characteristics  Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate and describe features

- Geography Fieldwork and Skills

  Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features.

  Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

  Use the eight points of a compass, four figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world

DESIGN and TECNOLOGY			
D&T End Points	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for?  What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product?  Gears, pulleys, levers and linkages  Possible ideas: catapults.	agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Cutting and joining Possible ideas: Rainforest Diorama gree on design crite guide the developme products e.g. Who/w What will make our a successful product? Cutting and joining Selectrical Systems systems	design, make and evaluate ts will be for. They can eria that can be used to ent and evaluation of the what is the product for? product unique/different! that we designed and mad
Curriculum objectives	Designing  ① Generate realistic ideas and design criteria collaboratively through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user and the functional and aesthetic purposes of the product.  ② Develop ideas through the analysis of existing shell structures and use computer-aided design to model and communicate ideas.  Making  ③ Plan the order of the main stages of making.  ③ Select and use appropriate tools and software to measure, mark out, cut, score, shape and assemble with some accuracy.  ⑤ Explain their choice of materials according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities.  ⑤ Use computer-generated finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating.  Evaluating  ⑤ Test and evaluate their own products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose.  Technical knowledge and understanding  ⑤ Develop and use knowledge of pulleys and levers.  ⑤ Develop and use knowledge of how to use pulleys and levers to create a catapult  ⑥ Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.	aesthetic purposes of the product.  ① Develop ideas through the analysis of existing shell structures and use computer-aided design to model and communicate ideas.  Making ② Plan the order of the main stages of making. ③ Select and use appropriate tools and software to measure, mark out, cut, shape, join and cut, score, shape and assemble with some accuracy. ② Explain their choice of materials according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities. ③ Use computer-generated finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating. Evaluating ② Investigate and evaluate a range of shell structures including the materials, components and techniques that have been used. ③ Test and evaluate their own products against design criteria and the intended user and purpose. Technical knowledge and understanding ③ Develop and use knowledge of nets of	criteria to inform the hat are fit for purpose, notividuals or groups. pp. model and ic ideas through ppropriate, annotated ional ims.  Itages of making use tools and equipment to curacy use materials and ing ils and electrical ing to their is and aesthetic qualities. Itages a range of existing inducts. eas and products against teria and identify the for improvement in their ge and understanding use electrical systems in as series circuits in as series circuits in their products. It is in their products.
ART			

Art End Points	Gorillas – Painting I can deisgn a monochrome acryllic paitning using the artwork of Anthony Browne as a starting point.	Manipulate malleable materials for a purpose Mosaic.	Volcano Sculpture – Nick Rowland I can create a 3D volcano sculpture using card, paper, glue and paint. I can develop my sculpture to refelct the nature of the volcano study linking to the artist.	lines.  Plan a photostory of trip to DEVA	based on the work of artist John Dyer.  I can design an acrylic painting using the	Drawing hills and mountains at Mam Tor lead into material canvas of hills and mountains. Use textiles and digital media to create a scene.  Topographical artwork with mixed media				
Curriculum	*Experiment with different effects and textures	*Manipulate malleable materials for a	*Manipulate malleable materials for a purpose	*Use sketchbooks to collect and develop	*Experiment with different effects and textures	*Plan a photostory.				
objectives		purpose e.g. pot/tile.	e.g. pot/tile.			*Record and collect visual information using				
	*Work on range of scales including thin	*Further develop skills in using clay to join	*Further develop skills in using clay to join	*Work from a variety of sources including		digital cameras.				
	brushes on small pictures.	pieces together: score and slip.	pieces together: score and slip.			*Combine and present recorded visual images				
	Colour	<u>Texture</u>	<u>Texture</u>			using Photostory software.				
	*Use more specific colour language including	*Mix and use a range of glazes.	*Mix and use a range of glazes.	drawings. *Develop close observational skills	*Use more specific colour language including	*Create and use dyes for different effects i.e.				
	colour names.	*Produce intricate surface patterns and	*Produce intricate surface patterns and	using a variety of view finders.	colour names.	onion skins, tea				
	*Mix and use a range of tints and shades.	textures in malleable media.	textures in malleable media.	*Understand proportions.	*Mix and use a range of tints and shades.	*Change and modify threads and fabrics:				
		textures in maneable media.		Lines, Marks, Tone, Form and Texture		knotting, fringing, twisting and plaiting.				
				*Use dry and wet media to make different		*Match the tool to the material.				
				marks, lines, patterns and shapes within a		*Develop skills in stitching, cutting and				
				drawing.		joining.				
				*Explore colour mixing with coloured						
				pencils.						
				*Use different techniques for different						
				purposes: shading, hatching.						
<ul> <li>Select and record</li> </ul>	Select and record ideas from observation, experience and imagination.									

\*Select and record ideas from observation, experience and imagination.

\*Question and make thoughtful observations about the work of famous artists, craftspeople, designers and famous works of art.

\*Select ideas from art work studied to use in their own work.

\*Explore the roles, purposes and work of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures and different art work.

\*Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them.

\*Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop their work further.

\*Annotate work in sketchbooks.

Iusic End Points	Folk Music	Countdown to Christmas	Paint a Picture	Vikings	Adverts	Say hello, Wave Goodbye
	1		1			
curriculum bjectives	with the range of an octave (Y4 P) Begin to sing repertoire with small and large leaps as well as a simple second part to introduce vocal harmony (Y4 P) Perform in 2 or more parts from simple notation (Y4 P) Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short (pentatonic) phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (Y4 C) Arrange individual notation cards of known note values (minim, crotchet, quavers and crotchet rests) to create 4 bar phrases consisting of different note values with 2, 3 or 4 beats per bar (2/4, 3/4, 4/4) (Y4 C)	songs with the range of an octave (Y4 P) Sing rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (Y4 P) Perform in a variety of settings with an awareness of occasion and audience (Y4 P) Perform in 2 or more parts from simple notation (Y4 P) gUse rhythmic notation to transcribe simple words and phrases (Y4 C) Introduce and understand the relationship between minims, crotchets, paired quavers gand rests (Y4 U) Identify and discuss the interrelated dimensions of music when listening to a piece of music (Y4 L)	notation using a small range of notes (Y4 P) Use music technology e.g., keyboards, Garage Band, electronic sounds when composing (Y4 C) Begin to make decisions about the overall structure of compositions (Y4 C) Use the inter-related dimensions of music when composing music to create a specific mood (Y4 C) Include a range of different instruments to create small ensembles when composing (Y4 C) Record creative ideas using graphic symbols, rhythm notation and time signatures, stave notation, technology (Y4 C) Identify and discuss the interrelated dimensions of music when listening to a piece of music (Y4 L)	e (detached) and legato (smooth) (Y4 C) Use the inter-related dimensions of music when composing music to create a specific mood (Y4 C) Follow and perform simple rhythmic notation to a steady beat (Y4 C) Introduce major and minor chords and use technology to demonstrate e.g interactive keyboard (Y4 U) Identify chordal accompaniment and melody understanding static and moving parts when listening (Y4 U) Introduce the term 'chromatic' (Y4 U) Identify and discuss the interrelated dimensions of music when listening to a piece of music (Y4 L) Begin to identify key stylistic features within a genre of music	notation using a small range of notes (Y4 P) Perform in 2 or more parts from simple notation (Y4 P) Use music technology e.g., keyboards, Garage Band, electronic sounds when composing (Y4 C) Begin to make decisions about the overall structure of compositions (Y4 C) Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names to create short (pentatonic) phrases using a limited range of 5 pitches (Y4 C) Use the inter-related dimensions of music when composing music to create a specific mood (Y4 C) Include a range of different instruments to create small ensembles when composing (Y4 C) Read and perform pitch notation within a defined range (octave) (Y4 C)	when composing music to create a specific mood (Y4 C) Introduce major and minor chords and use technology to demonstrate e.g. interactive

Computing End	Unit 4.1 Coding	TI: 420 II 4	Recap Unit 4.2 Online Safety	Unit 4.5 Logo	Recap Unit 4.2 Online Safety	Unit 4.9 Making Music
points Purple Mash	Unit 4.2 Online Safety	Unit 4.3 Spreadsheets	Unit 4.4 Writing for Different Audiences	Unit 4.6 Animation	Unit 4.8 Hardware Investigators	Cilit 4.9 Making Music
Curriculum objectives	To understand how an IF/ELSE statement	To format cells as currency, percentage, decimal to different decimal places or fraction.  To use the formula wizard to calculate averages.  To combine tools to make spreadsheet activities such as timed times tables tests.  To use a spreadsheet to model a real-life situation.  To add a formula to a cell to automatically make a calculation in that cell.	and presenting it as their own is called	or cartoon. To learn how animations are created by hand. To find out how animation can be created in a similar way using the computer. To learn about onion skinning in animation. To add backgrounds and sounds to animations. To be introduced to 'stop motion' animation. To share animation on the class display board and by blogging	themselves from online identity theft. To understand that information put online leaves a digital footprint or trail and that this can aid identity theft. To identify the risks and benefits of installing software including apps. To understand that copying the work of others and presenting it as their own is called 'plagiarism' and to consider the consequences of plagiarism.  To identify appropriate behaviour when participating or contributing to collaborative online projects for learning. To identify the positive and negative	To identify and discuss the main elements of music.  To understand and experiment with rhythm and tempo.  To create a melodic phrase.  To electronically compose a piece of music.
PE: Complete PE	Scheme of Work					
PE End points	Invasion: Netball Gymnastics: Bridges	Invasion: Handball OAA: communication	Invasion: Basketball Dance: Cats	Invasion: Tag Rugby Dance: Space	Net/wall Tennis OAA: Problem Solving	Striking and Fielding Rounders: Athletics
Curriculum objectives	Netball *refine passing and receiving *Develop passing, and dribbling creating space *Develop passing, moving and shooting *Refine passing and shooting *Develop footwork Bridges *Introduction to bridges *Application of bridges learning onto apparatus *Develop sequences with bridges *Sequence formation *Sequence completion	Handball *refine passing and receiving *develop passing and creating space *develop passing, moving and shooting *combine passing and shooting *introduce defending	Basketball *refine dribbling – refine passing and receiving *refine passing and dribbling creating space *refine passing and dribbling creating shooting opportunities *introduce marking Cats *Responding to stimuli working together *Extending sequences with a partner in character *Exploring two contrasting relationships and interlinking dance moves	Tag Rugby *Develop passing, moving and creating space *Apply learning in 3x3 mini games *Develop defending in game situations *Combine passing and moving to create an attack and score  Space *Extending sequences with a partner in character *Developing sequences with a partner in character that show relationships and interlinking dance moves *Sequences, relationships, choreography and performance	Tennis *Developing the forehand *Creating space to win a point using a racket *Introduce the backhand *Applying the forehand and backhand in game situations *Applying the forehand and backhand creating space to win a point  Problem solving (School Fest/residential) *Benches and mats challenge *Round the clock card challenge *The river rope challenge *Caving challenges	Rounders *Develop fielding and bowling with a backstop *Introduce batting *Develop batting when and why *Introduce and apply basic fielding tactics Athletics *Develop running at speed *Exploring our stride pattern *Exploring running at pace *Understand and apply tactics when running for distance *Javelin *Standing triple jump
MFL: Language An	gels Scheme of Work					
MFL End points	Spanish Phonetics 1-2 – La fonetica Learn a selection of the key phonemes to facilitate accurate and authentic pronunciation.	Spanish Fruits – La Fruta Learn 10 fruits and be introduced to the simple opinions 'I Like' and 'I do not like'	Spanish Vegetables – Las verduras Learn 10 common vegetables in their plural form with their definite articles in Spanish.	Spanish Presenting Myself – Me present Develop the knowledge and skills to present themselves orally and in written form in	Spanish My Family - Mi familia Develop the knowledge and skills to make a presentation about their own/ fictitious family	Spanish In the classroom – La clase Develop the knowledge and skills to present orally and in written form about what they

I know how – Se	Christmas	Learn basic transactional language required to	Spanish. Develop an understanding of	in both spoken and written form in Spanish. To	have and do not have in their pencil cases
Learn 10 familiar activtiies in Spanish and use		take part in role play activity on buying fruit	grammar to manipulate the language and start	demonstrate and increasing knowledge of	and/or school bag in Spanish. Demonstrate an
the negative form building interesting sentences	s	from a vegetable stall	to create sentences of their own using a range	grammar and the use of the possessive in	understanding of the negative form.
using conjunctions.			of personal details.	Spanish. Develop the change from 1st person to	
			•	3 <sup>rd</sup> person singular.	
				KS2 Hispanic Day	
*Learn to listen to longer passages and	Learn to listen to longer passages and	Learn to listen to longer passages and	Learn to listen to longer passages and	Learn to listen to longer passages and	Learn to listen to longer passages and
	understand more of what we hear by picking		understand more of what we hear by picking	understand more of what we hear by picking	understand more of what we hear by picking
	out key words and phrases covered in current		out key words and phrases covered in current	out key words and phrases covered in current	out key words and phrases covered in current
	and previous units.		and previous units.	and previous units.	and previous units.
*Communicate with others with improved	*Communicate with others with improved	*Communicate with others with improved	*Communicate with others with improved	*Communicate with others with improved	*Communicate with others with improved
	confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and		confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and	confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and	confidence and accuracy. Learn to ask and
	answer questions based on the language		answer questions based on the language	answer questions based on the language	answer questions based on the language
covered in the units and incorporate a negative	covered in the units and incorporate a	covered in the units and incorporate a negative	covered in the units and incorporate a negative	covered in the units and incorporate a negative	covered in the units and incorporate a negative
			reply if and when required.		reply if and when required.
	*Read aloud short pieces of text applying		*Read aloud short pieces of text applying	*Read aloud short pieces of text applying	*Read aloud short pieces of text applying
knowledge learnt from Phonics Phonics &	knowledge learnt from Phonics Phonics &	knowledge learnt from Phonics Phonics &	knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Phonics &	knowledge learnt from Phonics Phonics &	knowledge learnt from 'Phonics Phonics &
Pronunciation Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand most	Pronunciation Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand	Pronunciation Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand	Pronunciation Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand	Pronunciation Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand	Pronunciation Lessons 1 & 2'. Understand
of what we read in the foreign language when it	most of what we read in the foreign language	most of what we read in the foreign language	most of what we read in the foreign language	most of what we read in the foreign language	most of what we read in the foreign language
is based on familiar language.	when it is based on familiar language.		when it is based on familiar language.	when it is based on familiar language.	when it is based on familiar language.
*Write some short phrases based on familiar	*Write some short phrases based on familiar	*Write some short phrases based on familiar	*Write some short phrases based on familiar	*Write some short phrases based on familiar	*Write some short phrases based on familiar
	topics and begin to use		topics and begin to use	topics and begin to use	topics and begin to use
connectives/conjunctions and the negative form	connectives/conjunctions and the negative	connectives/conjunctions and the negative	connectives/conjunctions and the negative	connectives/conjunctions and the negative	connectives/conjunctions and the negative
where appropriate. EG: My name, where I live	form where appropriate. EG: My name,	form where appropriate. EG: My name, where			
and my age.	where I live and my age.	I live and my age.	I live and my age.	I live and my age.	I live and my age.
*Better understand the concept of gender and	*Better understand the concept of gender and	*Better understand the concept of gender and	*Better understand the concept of gender and	*Better understand the concept of gender and	*Better understand the concept of gender and
which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the', 'a'	which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the',	which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the', 'a'	which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the', 'a'	which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the', 'a'	which articles to use for meaning (EG: 'the', 'a'
or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival	'a' or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival	or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival	or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival	or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival	or 'some'). Introduce simple adjectival
agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when	agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when	agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when	agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when	agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when	agreement (EG: adjectival agreement when
describing nationality), the negative form and	describing nationality), the negative form and	describing nationality), the negative form and	describing nationality), the negative form and	describing nationality), the negative form and	
possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case I	possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case	possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case I	possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case I	possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case I	possessive adjectives. EG: 'In my pencil case I
have' or 'In my pencil case I do not have'	I have' or 'In my pencil case I do not	have' or 'In my pencil case I do not have'	have' or 'In my pencil case I do not have'	have' or 'In my pencil case I do not have'	have' or 'In my pencil case I do not have'
	have'				