

EYFS – Physical Development

Reception Autumn	Reception Spring	Reception Summer	ELG Checkpoint
Progres Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agil Use their core mus Confidently and sa Further develop and res	 skills they have already acquired: rolling • crawling • walking • jun s towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and ity needed to engage successfully with future physical education se sport and swimming. scle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or si Combine different movements with ease and fluency. fely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, al Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility. fine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passi e. competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities t Provide a choice of open-ended materials to play with that allow for extended, repeated and regular practising of physical skills like lifting, carrying, pushing, pulling, constructing, stacking and climbing. Model precise vocabulary to describe movement and directionality, and encourage children to use it. Encourage children to be highly active and get out of breath several times a day. Provide a range of wheeled resources for children to balance, sit or ride on, or pull and push. Two-wheeled balance bikes, trikes, prams and shopping trolley are all good options. Provide areas for sitting at a table that are quiet, purposeful and free of distraction. Provide different tables at the correct height for the range of children in the class, so that their feet are flat on the floor or a footrest. Provide different tables at the correct height for the range of children's forearms. The top of the table is slightly higher than the height of the child's elbow flexed to 90 degrees. Create obstacle courses that demand a range of movements to complete, such as crawling through a tunnel, climbing onto a box, jumping into a hoop and running and lying on a cushion. Introduce full-sized balls when children are confident to engage with them. Offer children opportunities to practice and ref	d grace. Issions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, tting on the floor. one and in a group. ng, batting, and aiming.	Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes,	
scissors, knives, forks and spoons.	
Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	
Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully:	
 lining up and queuing • mealtimes 	
 Before teaching children the correct pexal grip and posture for writing, on how to use a knife and fork and twith scissors, check Children have developed their upper arm and shoulders strength scliciently, they do not need to move their shoulders as they move their hands and fingers: that they comes of an word of notent their lower arms and writs independently. Help children activities to develop and further refine their small motors skills (see separate progression document). Suggestions: spreading, artiting, dancing with scarves, using sproy hottles, freesting, and and leable motor skills (see separate progression document). Continuously check how children activities to develop and further refine their small motor skills (see separate progression document). Suggestions: chopping, threading, small world typs, loose part manipulation and making models with junk materials and caring for plants, playing with small world typs, loose part manipulation and making models with junk materials and model for children activities to develop and further refine their small motor skills (see separate progression document). Encourage children activities to develop and further refine their small motor skills (see separate progression document). Encourage children activities to develop and further refine their small motor skills (see separate progression document). Encourage children activities to develop and further refine their small motor skills (see separate progression document). Encourage children activities to develop the core strength and stability, there here insel and model for children that moder inset and program the inset skills (see separate progression document). Encourage children and models with junk materials and model for children have to a strength and model for children activities to a strength and the advece program the modulation and making models with junk regular procrucies, the provise of childrens in the	Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

Fine Motor Skills